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Overview

 Goal of this lecture: discuss strategies that will help you plan and draft a Research Agenda

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- Explain what a Research Agenda should accomplish
- Identify questions you should ask yourself while writing

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- Clarification: this lecture will treat a "Research Agenda" as a standalone document
- This lecture will help you craft a 1-2 page document that outlines the goals and context of your research

Research Agendas are often used in application materials

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Applying for an academic job or research-based position

Applying for a grant or fellowship

 Main goals of a Research Agenda: demonstrate your ability to undertake productive scholarship if given the proper support

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- Explain how your prior experiences conducting research has shaped your approach to new undertakings

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- "Agenda" implies forward-looking speculation
- Yes, a Research Agenda is a type of "road map" for moving ahead
- However, drafting a Research Agenda starts with looking back at all the work you've done (previous publications, grants, seminar papers, etc.)

 Assumption for this lecture is you've already conducted preliminary research

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- Will discuss five steps to help you structure a Research Agenda
- These steps require you to reflect upon prior research experiences

 Clarification: these steps are not an "instruction set" for writing a perfect Research Agenda every time

- Clarification: these steps are not an "instruction set" for writing a perfect Research Agenda every time
- These steps are a general structure that can help you focus your ideas
- As is often the case with academic writing, finding models in your field can help you write/revise

• First: locate your position within a larger discipline

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- What <u>specific</u> sub-field of research are you operating within?
- What <u>specific</u> idea or issue do you want to explore?

Second: narrate your own approach to this research interest

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- What do you prioritize or value when conducting research?
- What methods do you use when gathering and analyzing data?

Reflecting upon previous research is useful

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- Try to locate the common methodology that is used in your previous work
- Topics and data may change but methods are a bit more consistent and transferable

- Third: summarize how current scholarship syncs up with your research interest and priorities
- This step a bit more substantial, so let's discuss it in a bit more detail

- What have other researchers said about your interest and methodology?
- Are there recurring ideas that keep re-appearing throughout this research?

• A recurring idea can be:

- A recurring idea can be:
- An analytical process used by researchers
- A limitation researchers must negotiate
- An issue/problem that researchers want to solve
- An opportunity that researchers want to build upon
- A keystone author or text in a given field

• It can be daunting to summarize broad trends

- It can be daunting to summarize broad trends
- Keep it straightforward. Try to isolate 1-3 recurring ideas or key terms that are central to contemporary research
- Focus on a handful of ideas or key terms as opposed to speaking to an entire field

 Fourth: explain how you plan to build upon the ideas, concepts, or key terms you identified in Step Three

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- What specific projects do you plan to undertake?
- How can these projects contribute to the trends you've identified?

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- Advanced research is iterative and on-going
- Show how your research can evolve ideas and concepts

Fifth: clarify the benefits of undertaking this research

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- What do you hope to accomplish?
- What do we gain from undertaking your research?
- What field(s) would benefit from your research?

Let's recap

- First: locate your disciplinary position and interest
- Second: narrate your own approach and methods
- Third: summarize how current scholarship syncs up with your research interest and priorities
- Fourth: explain how you plan to build upon the ideas, concepts, or key terms you identified in Step Three
- Fifth: clarify the benefits of undertaking this research

Things to avoid

Avoid empty praise towards others (and yourself)

- Avoid empty praise towards others (and yourself)
- Acknowledge the contributions of others but no need to use excessive modifiers (wonderful, excellent, etc.)
- If you already have publications or grants, explain how the ideas contained within these documents add to your research agenda

Avoid unproductive criticism towards others (and yourself)

- Avoid unproductive criticism towards others (and yourself)
- Avoid language of "right" vs "wrong" when discussing other research
- You can acknowledge expected difficulties when undertaking your research. Use this as an opportunity to clarify your methods for overcoming these difficulties

 Lastly, avoid over-generalizations, vague statements, and universal claims

- Lastly, avoid over-generalizations, vague statements, and universal claims
- Don't claim that you plan to change <u>everything</u> or that <u>everyone</u> can benefit from your work
- Once again, advanced research is iterative and ongoing

Conclusion

 Remember, the steps outlined in this lecture are meant to be transferable

- Knowing what each section of a Research Agenda should accomplish will help focus your ideas
- It is also useful to find samples that you can model

Conclusion

- The ORS Lab has consultants to help with both quantitative and qualitative research questions
- Webinars that discuss writing strategies
- Resources to help authors draft writing at every stage